LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, 1961 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, 1961

(No. 11 of 1961)

KOTA KINABALU MUNICIPAL COUNCIL (HOTELS AND LODGING HOUSES) BY-LAWS, 1966

(G.N.L 28 of 1966)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon it by section 50 of the Local Government Ordinance, 1961, the Jesselton Town Board has made the following by-laws:-

1.	hese By-laws may be cited as the Kota Kinabalu Municipal Council (Hotels
and I	dging Houses) By-laws, 1966, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of
July,	66.

Title and com

- 1A. A "lodging house" means a house or part thereof in which lodgers are accommodated for a payment and
 - (a) in which the sleeping accommodation may be occupied by two or more lodgers though strangers to one another; or
 - (b) which may be occupied by four or more lodgers not of the same family.

Provided that nothing herein shall include-	
any house provided by an employer for the accommodation of his employees;	
any hotel.	
2. No person shall use any building as a hotel or lodging house except in accordance with a licence from the Council.	Licence for hotel or lodging house.
3. The Council may, in its absolute discretion, grant or refuse a licence, or grant a licence subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.	Grant of licence.
4. If the Council so requires, an applicant for a licence or for a renewal thereof shall forward a certificate of health from a Government Medical Officer or registered medical practitioner.	Health certificate.
5. Every licence shall expire after the last day of each month and renewable upon payment of the required fee. [Sub. G.N.L. 32/84.]	Duration of licence.

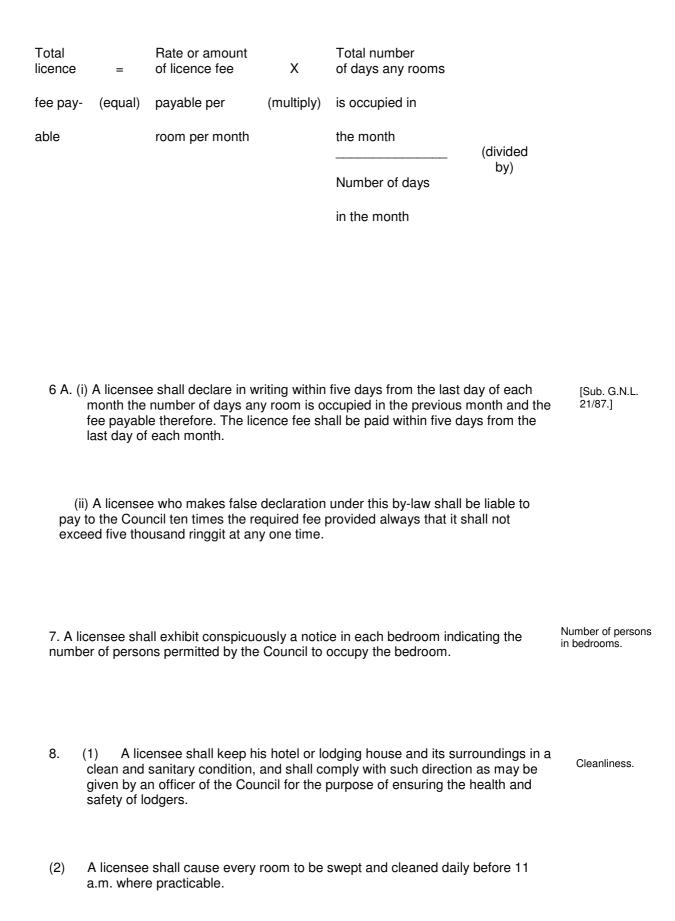
Fees.	
[Sub.	G.N.L.
42/82	1

6. The following fees are payable for licence :-

				Per month per room
				based on occupancy
				Ringgit
(a)	1st Class Hotel			140.00
(b)	2nd Class Hotel			80.00
(c)	3rd Class Hotel			40.00
For the purpose of this by-law :-				
"1st class hotel" means a hotel with international standard of facilities and services as the Council deems fit to classify it under that class;				
"2nd class hotel" means a hotel with reasonable standard of facilities and services as the Council deems fit to classify it under that class;				

For the purpose of calculating the fee payable under this by-law the following formula shall apply :-

"3rd class hotel" means a hotel with minimum standard of facilities and services as the Council deems fit to classify it under that class.



(3)	A licensee shall cause every living room, kitchen and bathroom to be thoroughly scraped and white-washed or painted once a year or more often as the Council may direct.	
9.	(1) A licensee of a hotel or lodging house shall keep a register in which shall be entered the name, sex, nationality, occupation, identity card or travel document number, time and date of arrival and departure of every lodger.	Hotel and lodging house registers.
(2)	Such entry shall be made at the time the lodger is accommodated in the hotel or lodging house.	
(3)	Hotel and lodging house registers shall be made available at all times for inspection by any police officer not below the rank of Sergeant, or with the written authority of the President of the Council by the Health Officer and any Council Inspector who may take extracts therefrom.	
guilty and ir	ny person who contravenes any of the provisions of these By-laws shall be of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred ringgit, in the case of a continuing offence a fine of fifty ringgit for every day during which fence is continued. [Mod. Act 160.]	Penalty.
10 A.	(1) The Mayor may compound any offence including but not limited to breach of licence condition imposed by the Mayor under these By-laws by making a written offer to such person to compound the offence upon payment to the Mayor of such amount not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia five hundred.	Compounding of offence [G.N.L. 11/04.]
(2)	Where an offence has been compounded under this By-law, no prosecution shall thereafter be instituted in respect of such offence against the person to whom the offer to compound was made.	

11. The	e Council may cancel or suspend a licence if the licensee or any assistant of see :-	Cancellation licence.				
(i)	is convicted of any offence under these By-laws; or					
(ii)	is convicted of any offence under any written law relating to public health; or					
(iii)	on the certificate of a Government Medical Officer or registered medical practitioner is suffering from a contagious or infectious					
(iv)	fails to pay the required licence fee on the due date or make false declaration under by-law 6A. [G.N.L. 32/84.]					
12. Pa	art V of the Jesselton Town Board (General) By-laws, S140/1960 is repealed.	Repeal [Corr. G.N.L. 36/66.]				
Dated at Jesselton, this 30th day of April, 1966.						
	LALENIKONO					
	LAI EN KONG,					
	Chairman,					
	Jesselton Town Board.					
I approve the foregoing By-laws.						
Dated at Jesselton, this 10th day of May, 1966.						

Cancellation of licence.

PANG TET TSHUNG,

Minister for Local Government.